

Authors

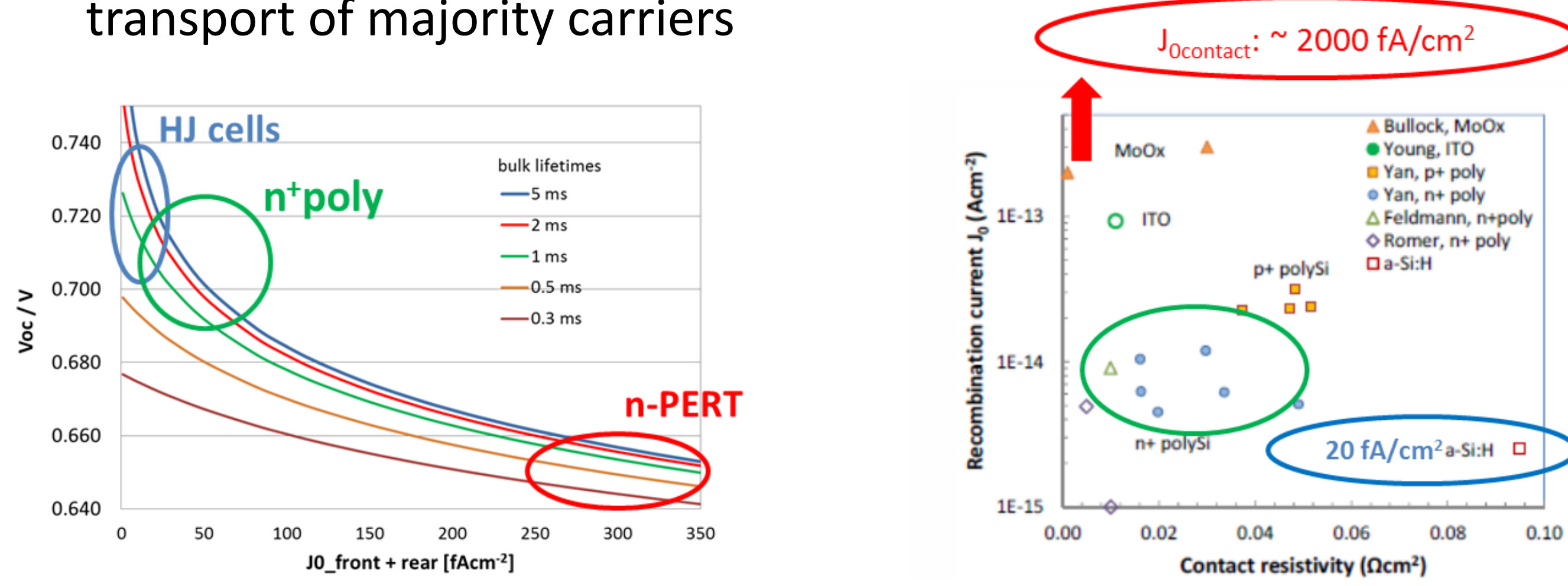
M.K. Stodolny[#],
J. Anker, X. Lu, C.J.J. Tool
A.A. Mewe, G.J.M. Janssen,
Y. Wu, L.J. Geerligs, I. Romijn,

[#]stodolny@ecn.nl Maciej Stodolny

Passivated Emitter Rear Polysilicon (PERPoly) solar cells and beyond

Carrier selective and passivating contacts

- Metal contact recombination dominates n-PERT, PERC, Al BSF cells
- Selective contacts: screen minority carriers from metal and enable transport of majority carriers

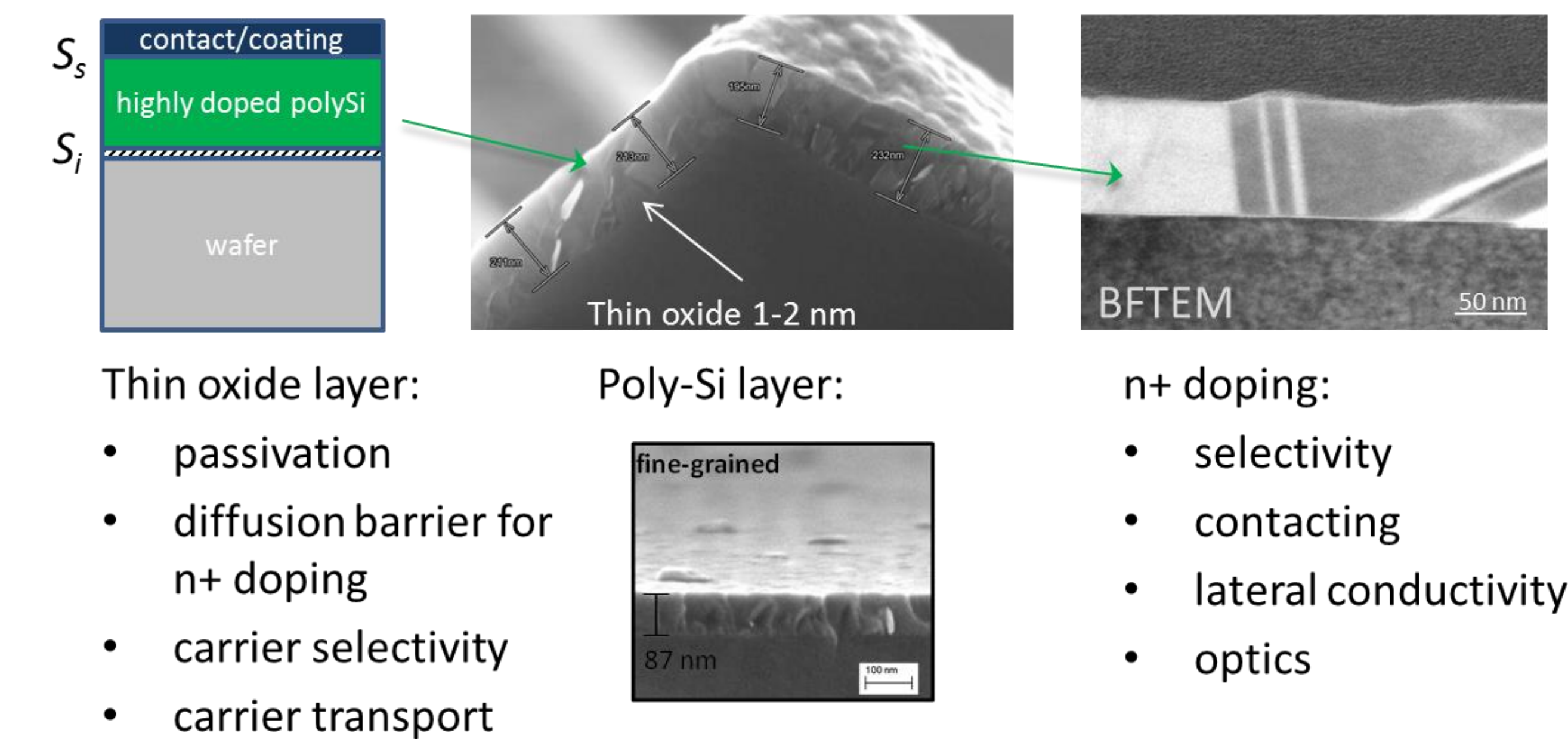


Cells with poly-Si: J_0 n+poly-Si almost as low as a-Si
Stable at high temperatures → screen print + fire possible
Lower contact resistivity and lower absorption → higher FF and J_{sc}

Oxide and poly-Si layers

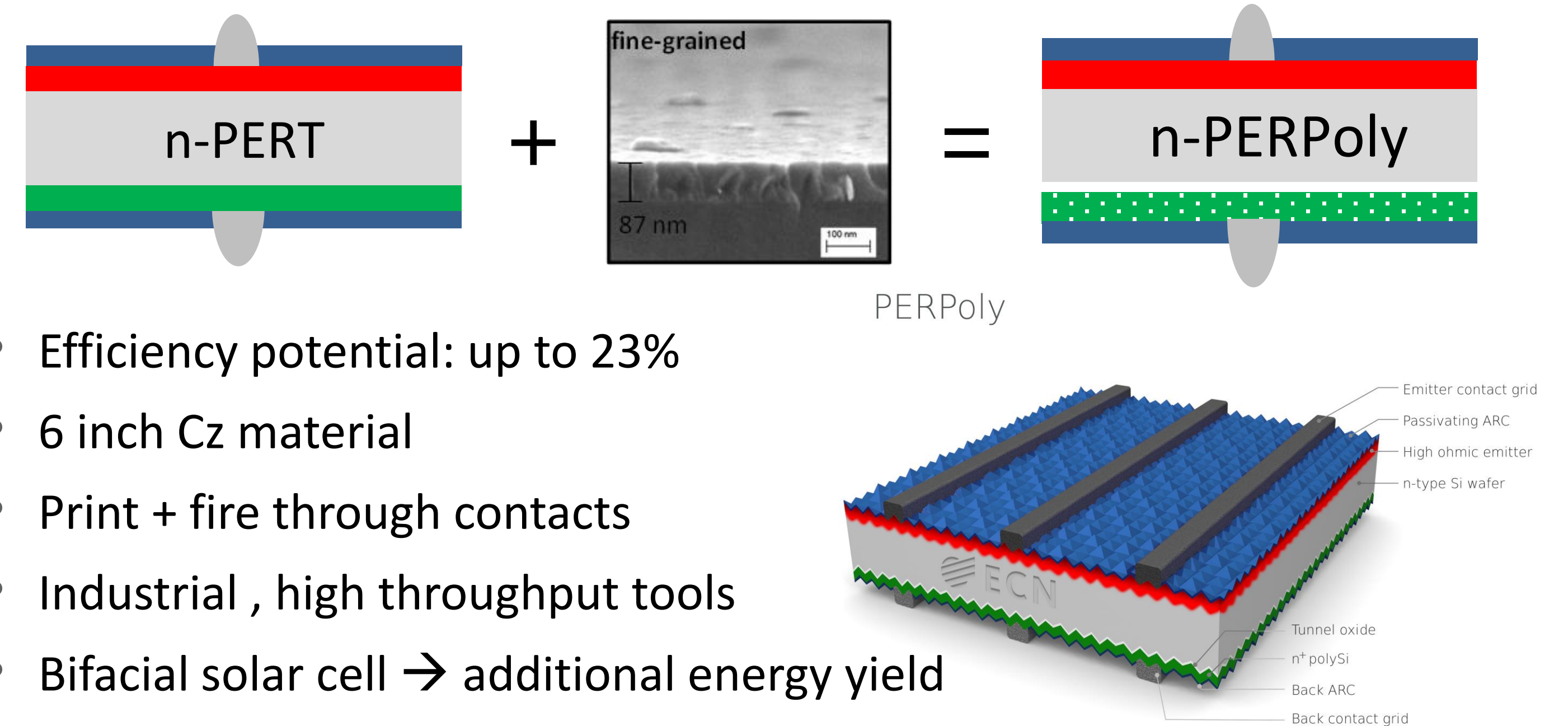
Broad process window for high V_{oc} values

J_{sc} and FF optimized by poly thickness, doping level and n+ profile



ECNs vision: Industrial carrier selective contact cell

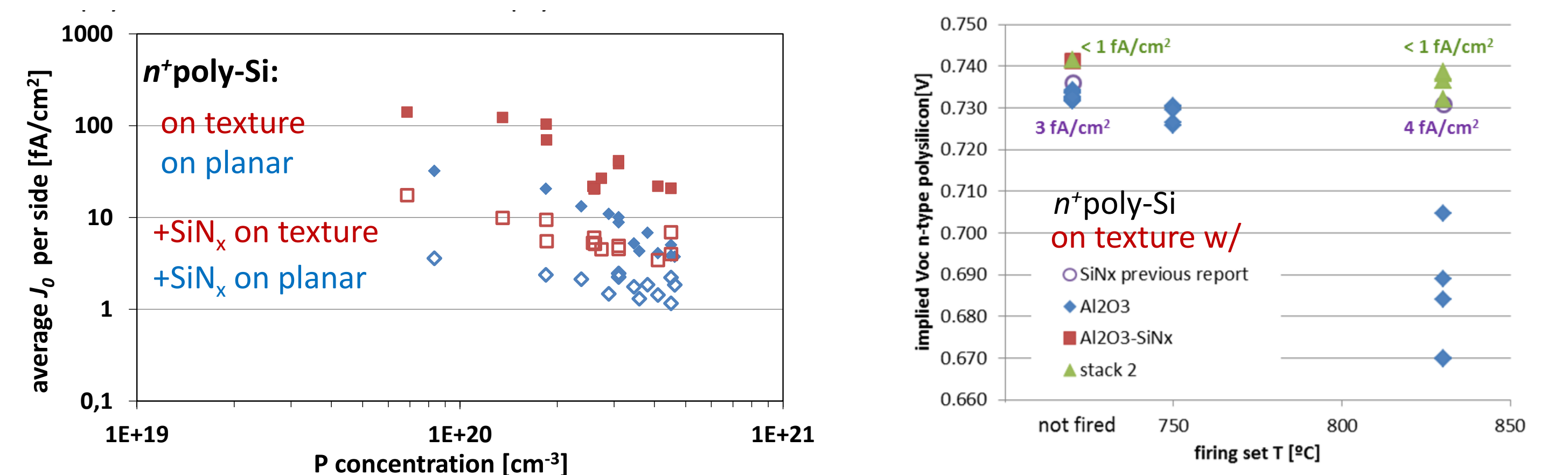
- n-PERT + n+poly-Si rear → **PERPoly** cell



- Efficiency potential: up to 23%
- 6 inch Cz material
- Print + fire through contacts
- Industrial, high throughput tools
- Bifacial solar cell → additional energy yield

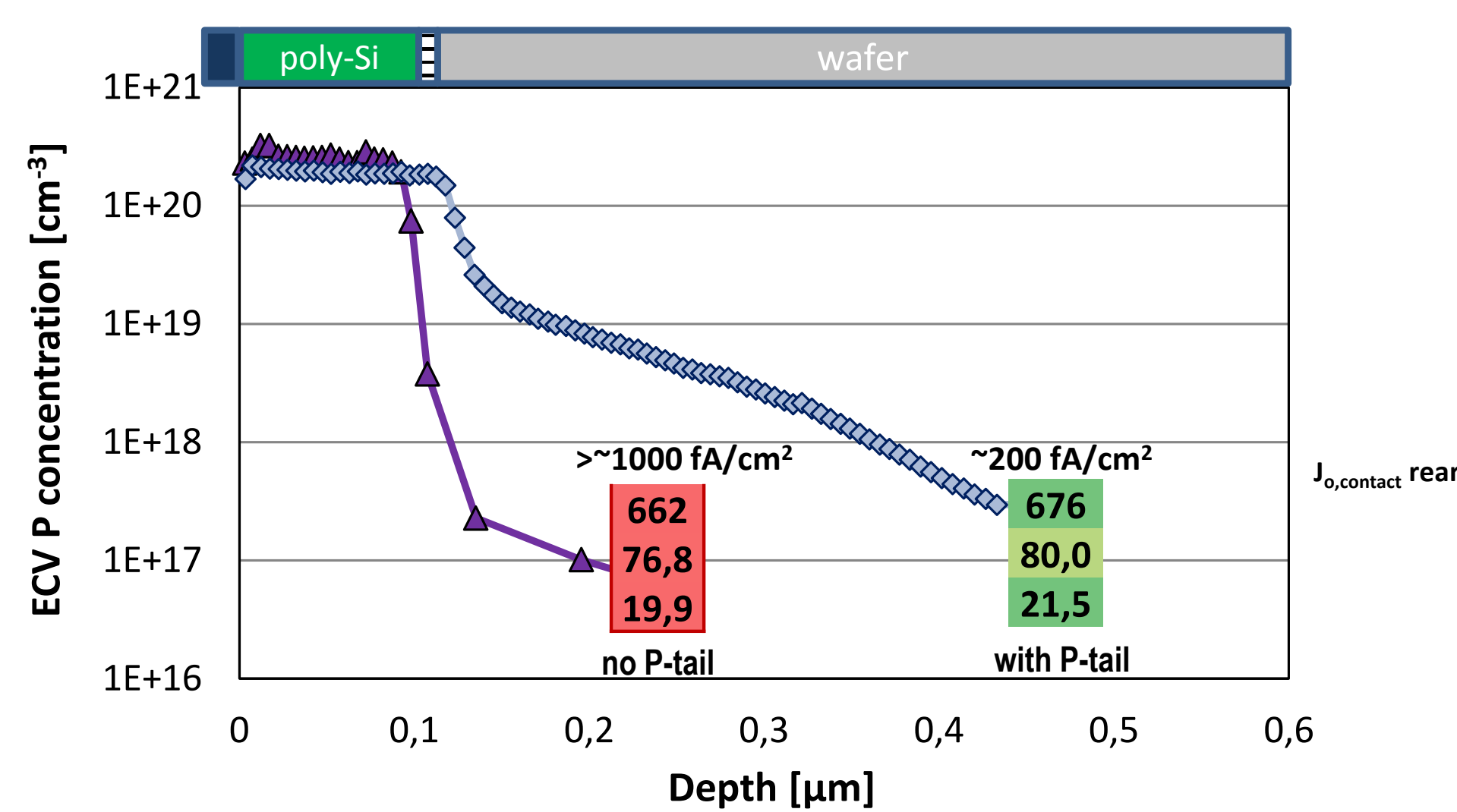
n+poly-Si passivation properties

- J_0 improves with higher doping concentration (field-effect passivation ↑)
- Hydrogenation of interface defects reduces J_0 (chemical passivation ↑)
- Excellent and stable passivation on both planar and texture (<1 fA/cm²)



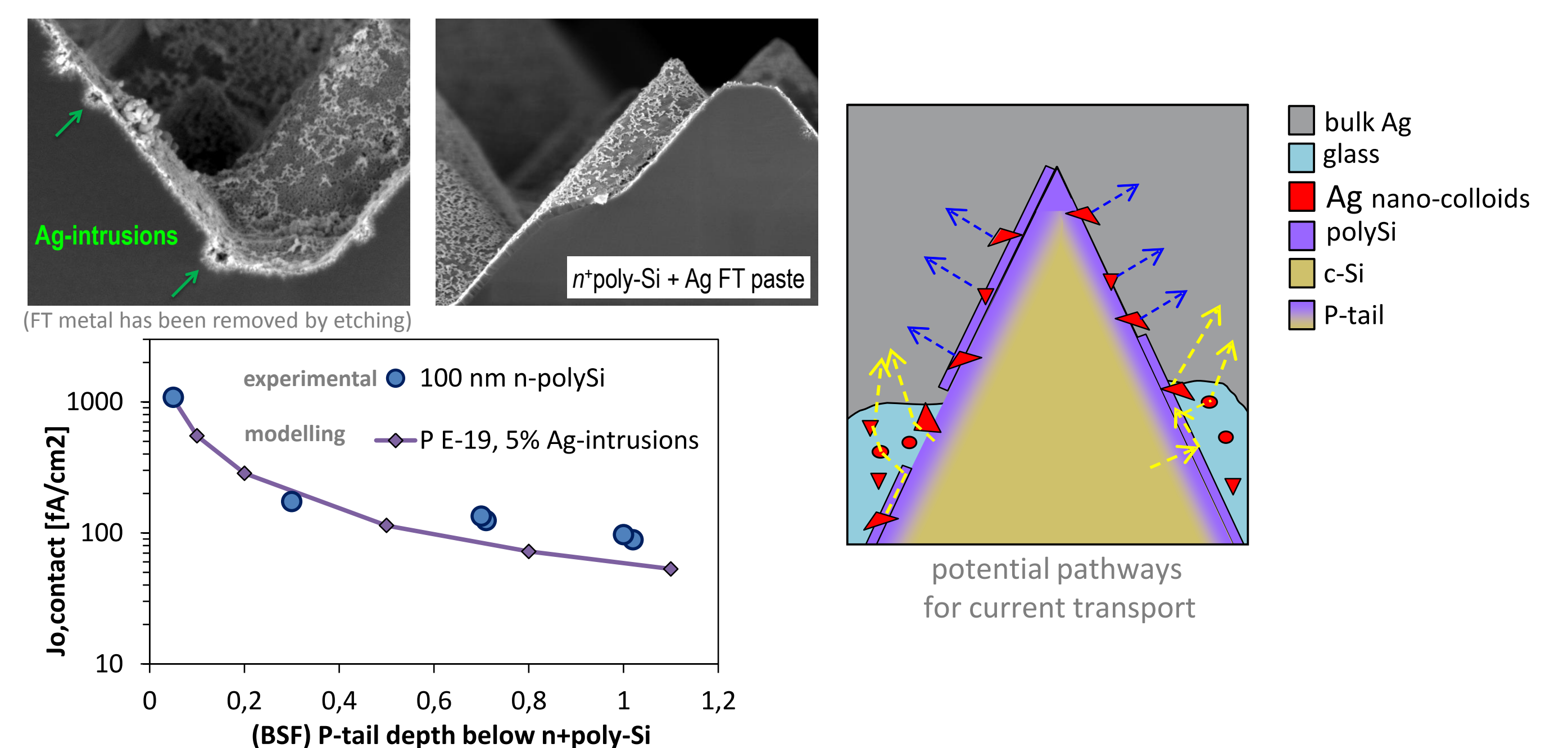
Influence of n+poly-Si/SiOx properties on PERPoly cells

- Doping level at Ox./c-Si is not critical for high FF but the effective charge carrier mobility of the thin oxide
- Presence of a moderate P-tail is critical for low $J_{0,contact}$ with industrial Fire-Through metallization

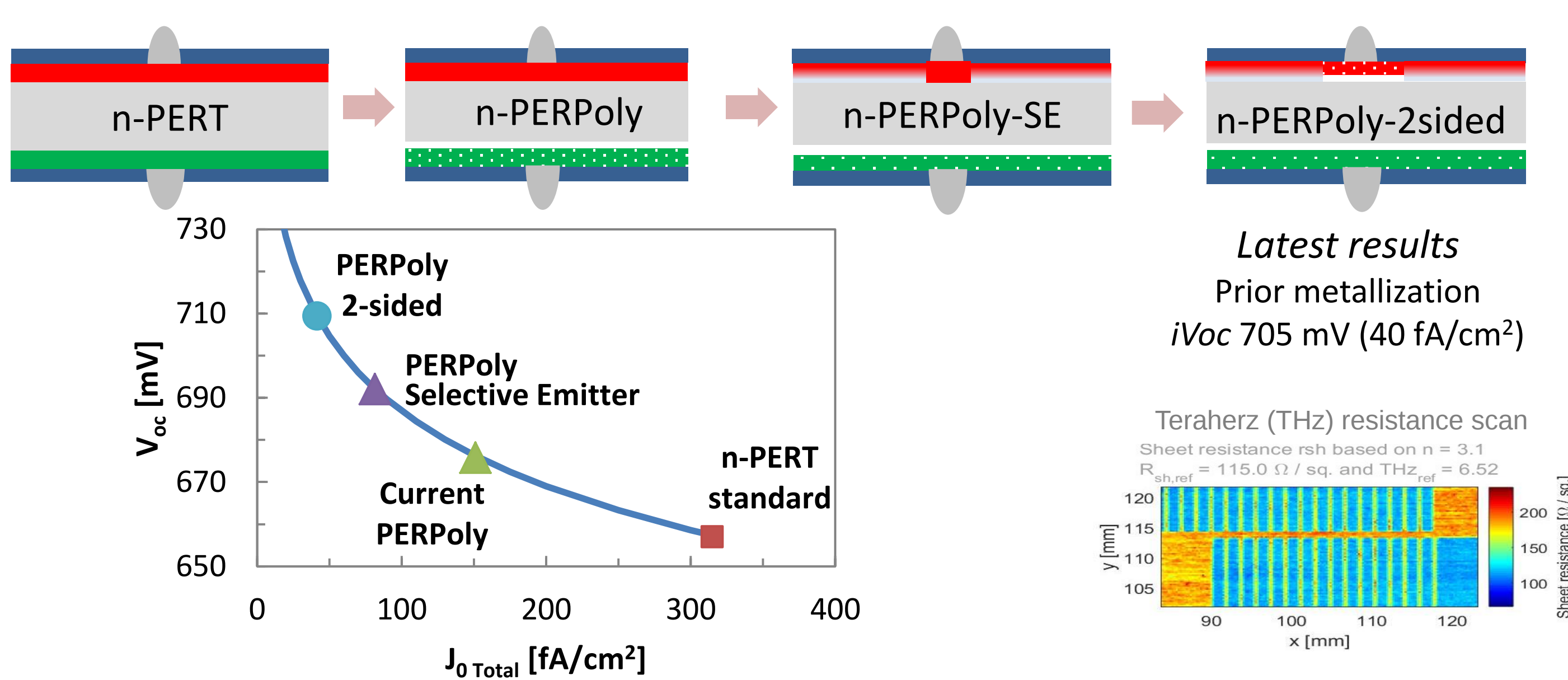


n+poly-Si with Fire-Through (FT) metallization

- Under FT paste, large areas where poly layer is removed
- P-tail below n-polySi reduces $J_{0,contact}$ down to 100-200 fA/cm²



Towards cell with all industrial passivating contacts



ECN PERPoly roadmap to 23%

